## Long Range Wireless Applications

## 900 MHz <br> Wireless Switch Follower/Digital/Analog Sensor Receiver

The SF900C Analog Sensor, Remote Control/Switch Followers are a system designed to provide a quick and cost effective solution for a variety of wireless switching and remote sensing applications. Each transmitter has 4-Analog inputs, 4-Digital inputs and 4-Relay outputs. Each receiver has 4-Analog outputs, 4-Relay outputs and 4-Digital inputs.

The universal Analog inputs are default 0-10 VDC but can be jumper selected for for 10 k thermistors or $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ inputs. The analog outputs are set up for both $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$ and $0-10$ VDC on separate terminals. Custom versions are available to accommodate other analog inputs and outputs, as well as two-way communication.

The Digital inputs are opto-isolated and may be operated by
 an applied voltage that can be supplied by a power source from 5 to 24 Volts AC or DC through a switch contact, relay, sensor, PLC output, etc. The digital outputs are isolated relay contacts.

These products utilize spread spectrum technology and are immune to interference and multipath fading. These systems will not interfere with wifi networks.

## Features

- 8-Input Channels/8-Output Channels
- 4 Channel-Analog Inputs/Outputs
- 10k Thermistor (input only)
- $4-20 \mathrm{~mA}$
- 0-10V
- 2-Way, 4-Channel Digital (On/Off) Inputs/Relay (10A) Outputs
- Long Range: 2-miles+
- Spread Spectrum Technology
- Isolated Inputs and Outputs
- 12-24 Volt DC Operation
- Accuracy +/-0.2\% Full Scale $\sqrt{ }$
- Optional NEMA IP65 Enclosure
- Antenna Included
- FCC Certified
- Made in USA


## Typical Applications

- Thermistor/Remote Temperature Monitoring
- Other sensor Monitoring
- Solenoid Control
- PLC Activation
- HVAC Control


## Ordering Information

| Model No. <br> (sets) | Product Description | Digital <br> ON/OFF <br> Response <br> Time | Analog <br> Samples <br> /Sec | Range <br> (Miiles) | 2-way <br> digital <br> (4-ch.) | 1-way <br> Digital <br> (4-ch.) | 1-way <br> Analog <br> (4-ch.) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| SFA900C8-B-1-PR | Transmitter/Receiver Pair | 180 ms | 1.5 | 2.5 | $\sqrt{ }$ |  | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| SFA900C8-B-S-PR | Transmitter/Receiver Pair | 180 ms | 4 | 2.5 |  | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| SFA900C8-J-1-PR | Transmitter/Receiver Pair | 58 ms | 6 | 0.5 | $\sqrt{2}$ |  | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| SFA900C8-J-S-PR | Transmitter/Receiver Pair | 58 ms | 22 | 0.5 |  | $\sqrt{ }$ | $\sqrt{ }$ |
| -OPT14 | IP67 Watertight Encl. |  |  |  |  |  |  |

## SFA - Analog Series

Electrical Characteristics

| Sym | Parameter |  | Min | Typ | Max | Unit |
| :---: | :--- | :--- | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Operating Voltage Range |  | 10 | 12 | 36 | Volts DC |
|  | Operating Current, Receive Mode |  |  | 45 | 56 | mA |
|  | Operating Current, Transmit Mode |  |  | 212 | 225 | mA |
|  | Digital Input Resistance |  |  | 4.7 K |  | Ohms |
|  | Digital Input Voltage |  | 5 |  | 24 | Volts AC or DC |
|  | Output Relay Contact Ratings at 28VDC |  |  |  | 10 | Amps |
|  | 4-20mA Output Load (12VDC Supply) |  |  |  | 300 | Ohm |
|  | 4-20mA Output Load (24VDC Supply |  |  |  | 900 | Ohm |
| f | Frequency Range |  | 902 |  | 928 | MHz |
| Zout Antenna Input Impedance |  |  | 50 |  | Ohms |  |
| $\mathrm{T}_{\text {op }}$ | Operating Temperature |  | -20 |  | +60 | C |

Transmitter/Receiver Detail

| Model | Description | Digital Response Time | Analog Samples/ Sec | Frequency (MHz) | Analog Input Types | Range (Feet) | Relay Output | $\begin{gathered} \text { Digital } \\ \text { Input } \\ \text { Channel } \end{gathered}$ | Analog Input Channels | Relays Output | Analog Output <br> Channel | Supply Voltage |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| One Way Analog, Two Way Digital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SFA900C8-B-Al-1 | Transmitter | 180 | 1.5 | 902-928 | 0-10V/4-20mA/ 10k Thermistor | 2.5 mi+ | SPDT, 10A | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 12-30V DC |
| SFA900C8-B-AO-1 | Receiver | 180 | 1.5 | 902-928 |  | 2.5 mi+ | SPDT, 10A | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| One-Way Analog, One-Way Digital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SFA900C8-B-AI-S | Transmitter | 180 | 4 | 902-928 | 0-10V, 4-20mA, 10k Thermistor | 2.5 mi+ | none | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| SFA900C8-B-AO-S | Receiver | 180 | 4 | 902-928 |  | 2.5 mi+ | SPDT, 10A | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| One Way Analog, Two Way Digital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SFA900C8-J-Al-1 | Transmitter | 58 | 6 | 902-928 | 0-10V, 4-20mA, 10k Thermistor | 0.5 mi+ | SPDT, 10A | 4 | 4 | 4 | 0 | 12-30V DC |
| SFA904C8-J-AO-1 | Receiver | 58 | 6 | 902-928 |  | 0.5 mi+ | SPDT, 10A | 4 | 0 | 4 | 4 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| One-Way Analog, One-Way Digital |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| SFA900C8-J-Al-S | Transmitter | 58 | 22 | 902-928 | 0-10V, 4-20mA, 10k Thermistor | $0.5 \mathrm{mi}+$ | none | 4 | 4 | 0 | 0 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |
| SFA900C8-J-AO-S | Receiver | 58 | 22 | 902-928 |  | $0.5 \mathrm{mi}+$ | SPDT, 10A | 0 | 0 | 4 | 4 | $12-30 \mathrm{~V}$ DC |

Note: -14 Watertight Polycarbonate Enclosure option may be ordered separately for transmitters and receivers.

Optional Antenna Bulkhead Extension Cables

| Model | Description | Length |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| $600279-8$ | RPSMA Male to Female | 8 Inches |
| $600279-$ L100E-24 | LMR-100 or Equiv. | 24 Inches |
| $600279-10 \mathrm{~F}-$ L200 | LMR-200 or Equiv. | $10-\mathrm{Ft}$ |
| $600279-15 \mathrm{~F}-$ L200 | LMR-200 or Equiv. | $15-\mathrm{Ft}$ |
| $600279-20 \mathrm{~F}-$ L200 | LMR-200 or Equiv. | $20-\mathrm{Ft}$ |
| $600279-25 \mathrm{~F}-$ L200 | LMR-200 or Equiv. | $25-\mathrm{Ft}$ |
| Other lengths available |  |  |

## SFA - Analog Series

ANALOG INPUT JUMPER SELECTIONS


4 to 20ma Current Input


10 K ohm Thermistor input


Zero to 10 VOLT INPUT

## SFA SERIES LEARN PROCEDURE

The standard configuration is one transmitter and one receiver. They are supplied already paired at the factory. The learn procedure will have to be re-done when adding units, replacing units, or changing the frequency (discussed next).

The learn process is initiated by pressing the learn button on the transmitter and on the receiver. Their respective learn lights will flash. This places both units to a particular frequency used for learning. The second push of the learn button on the receiver will trigger the learning process. Once completed the lights will turn Off. The receiver will have learned the transmitter's address code and frequency.

Additional receivers can be added one at a time using the same process. However, the covers will have to be removed from the additional receivers and the ACK jumper will have to be moved to the NO ACK position to disable acknowledgements. Only one receiver can respond to acknowledgement requests from the transmitter to avoid collisions..

## CHANGING THE FREQUENCY:

The least significant 5 bits of the address of the transmitter unit is used to determine the frequency of operation, one of 32 possible. Therefore, there is a 1 in 32 chance that any two units will be operating on the same frequency. The label on the units will have the 4 hex digit code as well as a 2 digit hex frequency. If two or more units are to be operating in the same area and they have the frequency, the transmitter units can be set to different frequencies.

For those transmitters that have a 6 position tri-state dip switch at S 1 , switches $1-5$ set the frequency by moving the switches to the up or down position and switch 6 is an enable switch for the the alternate frequency selection if set to the down position. The center tri-state position for all of the switches disables the alternate frequency switch function.

An alternate is a 4 position dip switch covering switch positions 2-5 and an enable jumper in place of switch 6 allowing for 16 possible frequencies. To enable the alternate frequency selection, Jumper J4 must be moved to the two pins closest to the "EN" position and each of the dip switches must be moved up or down. To disable the alternate frequency selection, the enable jumper must be moved to the two pins farthest from the the EN location and the dip switches must be moved to the center tri-state position. See the Frequency Select Switch Table. ( 1 is UP and 0 is DOWN.)

NOTE: Whenever the frequency select switch, S 1 , is changed on the transmitter unit, the power has to be turned Off and back On again for the frequency change to take effect. Then, the Learn Procedure will have to be repeated for all of the receiver units associated with the transmitter unit that has a new frequency setting.

FREQUENCY SELECT SWITCH TABLE

| CHANNEL <br> Decimal | CHANNEL <br> HEX | 6 Position Switch BINARY, Isb first | 4 Position Switch BINARY, Isb first |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 0 | 00 | 000000 | 0000 EN |
| 1 | 01 | 100000 |  |
| 2 | 02 | 010000 | 1000 EN |
| 3 | 03 | 110000 |  |
| 4 | 04 | 001000 | 0100 EN |
| 5 | 05 | 101000 |  |
| 6 | 06 | 011000 | 1100 EN |
| 7 | 07 | 111000 |  |
| 8 | 08 | 000100 | 0010 EN |
| 9 | 09 | 100100 |  |
| 10 | OA | 010100 | 1010 EN |
| 11 | OB | 110100 |  |
| 12 | OC | 001100 | 0110 EN |
| 13 | OD | 101100 |  |
| 14 | OE | 011100 | 1110 EN |
| 15 | OF | 111100 |  |
| 16 | 10 | 000010 | 0001 EN |
| 17 | 11 | 100010 |  |
| 18 | 12 | 010010 | 1001 EN |
| 19 | 13 | 110010 |  |
| 20 | 14 | 001010 | 0101 EN |
| 21 | 15 | 101010 |  |
| 22 | 16 | 011010 | 1101 EN |
| 23 | 17 | 111010 |  |
| 24 | 18 | 000110 | 0011 EN |
| 25 | 19 | 100110 |  |
| 26 | 1A | 010110 | 1011 EN |
| 27 | 1B | 110110 |  |
| 28 | 1 C | 001110 | 0111 EN |
| 29 | 1D | 101110 |  |
| 30 | 1E | 011110 | 1111 EN |
| 31 | 1F | 111110 |  |

## SFA - Analog Series

APPLICATION CIRCUIT


Package Dimensions


Specifications subject to change without notice or obligation.
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FCC ID: QY4-618
"This device complies with Part 15 of the FCC Rules. Operation is subject to the following two conditions: (1) this device may not cause harmful interference, and (2) this device must accept any interference received, including interference that may cause undesired operation."

## INSTRUCTION TO THE USER

Note: This equipment has been tested and found to comply with the limits for a Class B digital device, pursuant to part 15 of the FCC Rules. These limits are designed to provide reasonable protection against harmful interference in a residential installation. This equipment generates, uses and can radiate radio frequency energy and, if not installed and used in accordance with the instructions, may cause harmful interference to radio communications. However, there is no guarantee that interference will not occur in a particular installation. If this equipment does cause harmful interference to radio or television reception, which can be determined by turning the equipment off and on, the user is encouraged to try to correct the interference by one or more of the following measures:
-Connect the equipment into an outlet on a circuit different from that to which the receiver is connected.
-Consult an experienced radio/TV technician for help.
Changes or modifications not expressly approved by Applied Wireless could void the user's authority to operate the equipment.

